DRAFT JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: San Francisco District, Eureka Office, PM – David Ammerman, Bracut Marsh Final Jurisdictional Determination

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

Bracut Marsh is former tidelands disturbed over several decades related to forest products mills and miscellaneous fill. In the late 1980's to early 1990's the Redwood Community Action Agency received grants from the California State Coastal Conservancy to restore and enhance 6 acres of marsh and mudflat located west of Highway 101 and the Northwestern Pacific Railroad tracks and north of the existing commercial Bracut Lumber retail outlet. The RCAA received permits from the Corps in 1994, 1998 and 1999 to conduct the restoration and enhancement and conduct restoration monitoring for five years. The site is surrounded by an earthen dike constructed many years ago. An alder-willow forest is left undisturbed on the immediate east and acts as a buffer between Highway 101 and the marsh. The north and west ends of the dike surrounding the marsh were breached without a Corps permit in the 1990's, and an after-the-fact permit was issued

by the Corps in 1998. About 2,000 CY of gravel was removed to lower substrates and facilitate tidal influx. As of November 16, 2007, Bracut Marsh contains one large tidal channel, three smaller tidal channels and a mosaic of tidal mudflat, high salt marsh with *Deschampsia* sp. in linear mounds, and low pickleweed (*Salicornia viriginica*) predominating. The two breaches provide adequate tidal influx and the site is inundated at the highest spring tides (8 feet MLLW). Above 8 feet is 0.07 acres of freshwater emergent pond-marsh created by the project and some forested wetland. A total of 6 acres of jurisdictional lands under Section 10 of Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 Clean Water Act were created as mudflat and tidal marsh. In addition to the restored site, the mouth of Rocky Gulch enters Humboldt Bay through tidegates at the north end of the site and combine with Humboldt Bay tidal action for hydrology effects to the site. Adjacent Humboldt Bay is navigable to commercial shipping and recreational boating including fishing vessels. The north end of the bay at the project site is less navigable as it is not dredged by the Corps but is nonetheless subject to ebb and flow of tides. Bracut Marsh serves the purpose of restoring mudflat and tidal marsh fringe habitat of Humboldt Bay.

Lat	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ other: High Tide Line indicated by: x □ oil or scum line along shore objects x □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other: 8.00 feet is generally high tide, or 8.5	
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: x □ survey to available datum; □ physical markings;x □ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.	
x Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Corps of Engineers confirmation of Bracut Marsh Final Report, Wetland Delineation, Calif. State Coastal Conservancy, 12-17-2007		
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):	
x x x Coastal 0	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. x This office concurs with the delineation report, dated _December 2004, prepared by (company):State Conservancy This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: 1971 judicial list U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Arcata South quad U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:	

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$x \square$	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): In December 2004 applicant's report and Corps 1985 color infrared
x□	Other photographs (Date): Corps ground digital photos 11-16-07
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
\mathbf{x}	Site visit/determination conducted on: 11-16-07
	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.